

# Learning Data Transformation Rules through Examples: Preliminary Results

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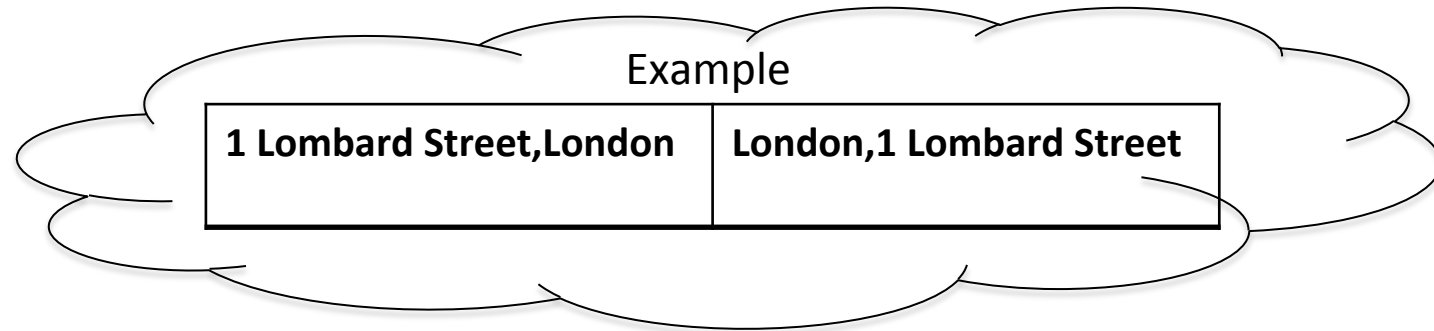
# Transforming Data

Original	Transformed
30/07/2010	2010-07-30
30/09/2010	2010-09-30
14/01/2011	2011-01-14

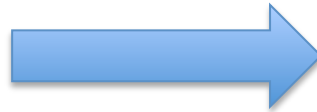
# Transforming Data

Original	Transformed
1 Lombard Street,London	London,1 Lombard Street
1 Dominick Street,New York	New York, 1 Dominick Street
1 North Belmont Avenue,Richmond	Richmond, 1 North Belmont Avenue

# Transforming Data by Example



Original
1 Lombard Street,London
1 Dominick Street,New York
1 North Belmont Avenue,Richmond



Transformed
London, 1 Lombard Street
New York,1 Dominick Street
Richmond,1 North Belmont Avenue

# Examples Are Ambiguous

Example

1 Lombard Street,London

London,1 Lombard Street

## Original

1 Lombard Street,London

1 Dominick Street,New York

1 North Belmont  
Avenue,Richmond

## Result 1

London  
,1 Lombard Street

New,1 Dominick Street York

Richmond  
,1 North Belmont Avenue

## Result 2

London  
,1 Lombard Street

New,1 Dominick Street York

, Avenue1 North Belmont  
Richmond

522 interpretations given this example

# Objective

Minimize number of examples users have to give to produce the desired transformation program

# Outline

- Transformation Grammar
- System Overview
- Search spaces
- Searching
- Ranking
- Evaluation

# Transformation Grammar

- program  $\rightarrow$  (ins | del | mov)<sup>+</sup>
- del  $\rightarrow$  DEL what  $\vee$  DEL range
- ins  $\rightarrow$  INS(token)<sup>+</sup> where
- mov  $\rightarrow$  MOV tokenspec where  $\vee$  MOV range where
- what  $\rightarrow$  quantifier tokenspec
- quantifier  $\rightarrow$  ANYNUM  $\vee$  NUM
- tokenspec  $\rightarrow$  singletokenspec  $\vee$  singletokenspec tokenspec
- singletokenspec  $\rightarrow$  token  $\vee$  type  $\vee$  ANYTOK
- type  $\rightarrow$  NUMTYP  $\vee$  WRDTYP  $\vee$  SYBTYP  $\vee$  BNKTYP
- range  $\rightarrow$  start end
- scanningOrder  $\rightarrow$  FRM\_BEG  $\vee$  FRM\_END
- start  $\rightarrow$  scanningOrder posquantifier
- end  $\rightarrow$  scanningOrder posquantifier
- where  $\rightarrow$  scanningOrder posquantifier
- where  $\rightarrow$  scanningOrder posquantifier
- posquantifier  $\rightarrow$  INCLD? tokenspec  $\vee$  NUM

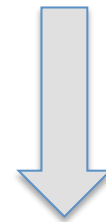


# Transformation Grammar

- Specifying the target pattern(tokenspec)
  - any two tokens
  - “,”London
  - symbol word
  - “,” word
  - ...
- Specifying the position(range)
  - [5,6]
  - after “,” before END
  - after 5, before END
  - ...

Example

1 Lombard Street,London



1 Lombard Street

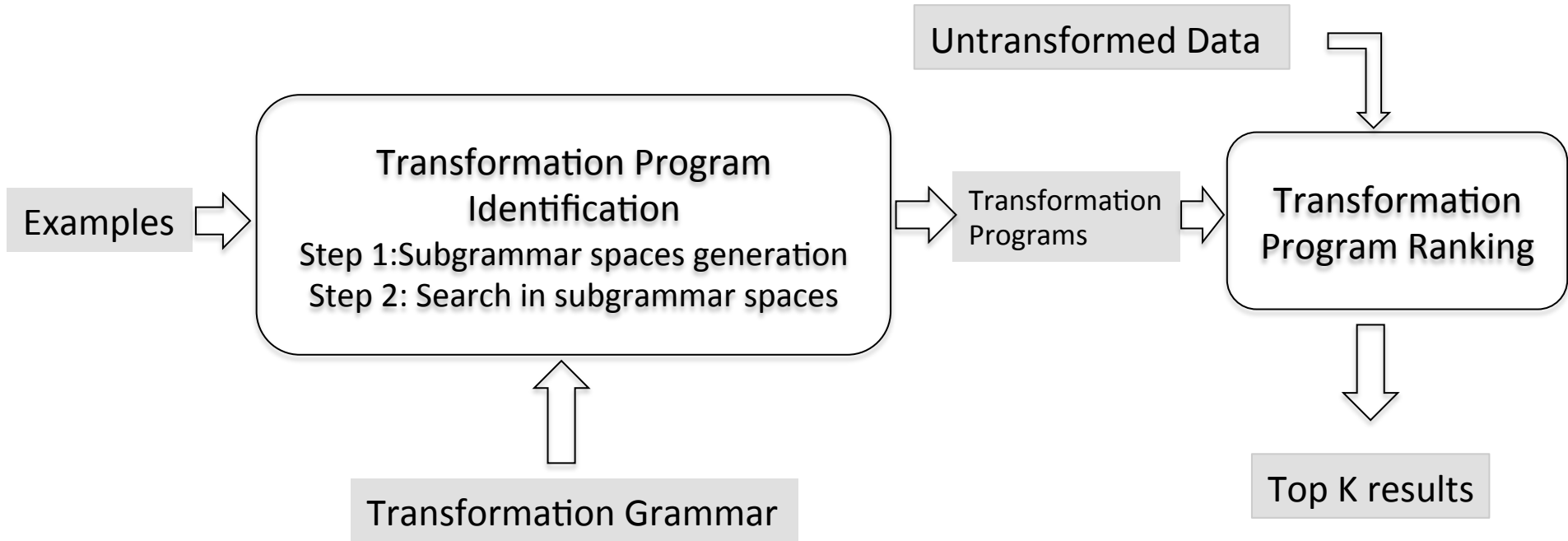
# Challenges

- Large search space

$$G = (ins|mov|del)^*$$

- Many interpretations

# System Overview



# Subgrammar space

<START>1 Dominick Street,New York<END> || New York,1 Dominick Street

MOV	MOV
<p>Tokenspec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;S&gt;1 Domininick Street</li> <li>• &lt;S&gt;NUM BNK WRD BNK WRD</li> <li>• ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK</li> <li>• &lt;S&gt;NUM BNK Dominick BNK Street</li> <li>• ... ..</li> </ul> <p>Start:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0</li> <li>• START</li> <li>• NUM</li> <li>• ...</li> </ul>	<p>Tokenspec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ,</li> <li>• SYB</li> </ul> <p>Start:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0</li> <li>• START</li> <li>• SYB</li> </ul>

MOV	MOV
<p>Tokenspec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;S&gt;1 Domininick Street</li> <li>• &lt;S&gt;NUM BNK WRD BNK WRD</li> <li>• ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK</li> <li>• &lt;S&gt;NUM BNK Dominick BNK Street</li> <li>• ... ..</li> </ul> <p>Start:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0</li> <li>• START</li> <li>• NUM</li> <li>• ...</li> </ul>	<p>Tokenspec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New York&lt;END&gt;</li> <li>• WRD BNK WRD&lt;END&gt;</li> <li>• New BNK York&lt;END&gt;</li> <li>• WRD BNK York&lt;END&gt;</li> <li>• ...</li> </ul> <p>Start:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1</li> <li>• WRD</li> <li>• SYB</li> </ul>

<START>1 Dominick Street , New York<END>

<START>1 Dominick Street , New York<END>

# Subgrammar space

## Example 1

1 Dominick Street,New York New York,1 Dominick Street



Edit Sequences

[mov: 0,5,11[], mov: 0,0,5[]]

... ..

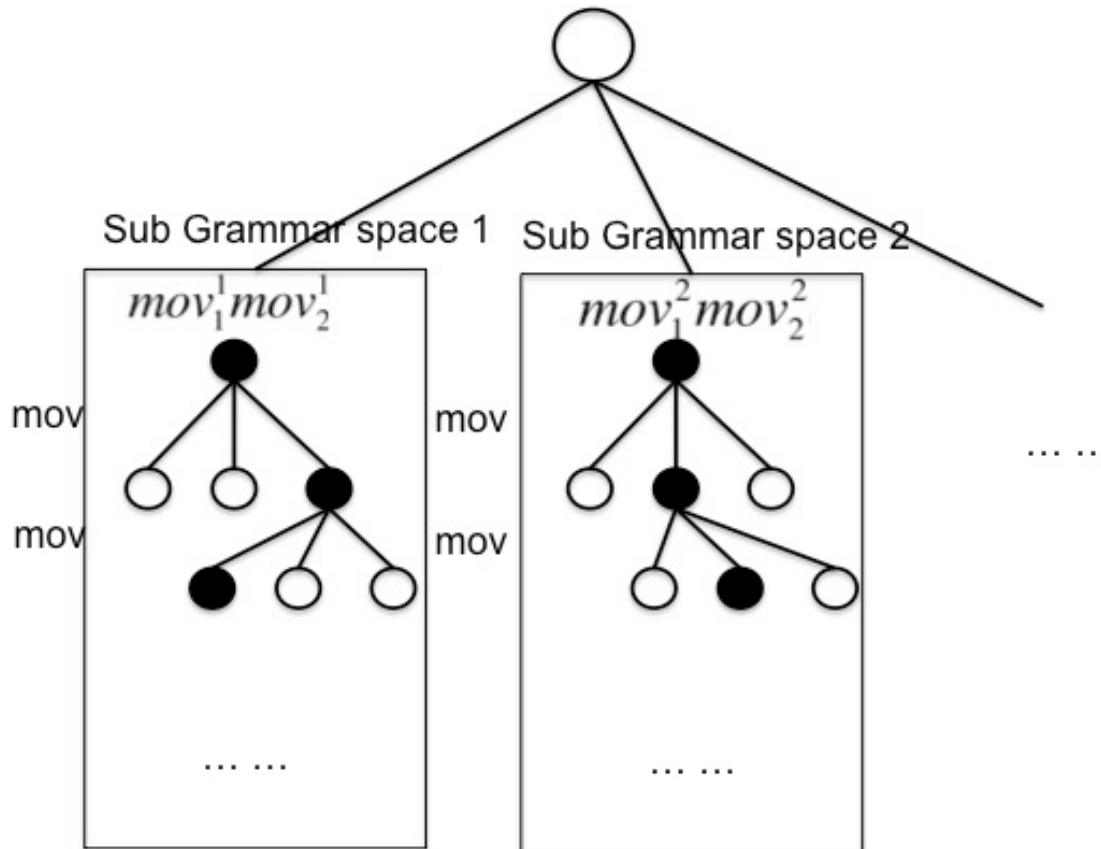


MOV	MOV
<p>Tokenspec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1 Domininick Street</li><li>• NUM BNK WRD BNK WRD</li><li>• ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK ANYTOK</li><li>• NUM BNK Dominick BNK Street</li><li>• ... ..</li></ul> <p>Start:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 0</li><li>• START</li><li>• NUM</li><li>• ...</li></ul>	<p>Tokenspec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ,</li><li>• SYB</li></ul> <p>Start:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 0</li><li>• START</li><li>• SYB</li></ul>

# Search

Search Space is still large: do sampling-based search

- 1 Sample a subgrammar space to search
- 2 Do UCT (Levente Kocsis et al.) search in the sampled search space



# Ranking

Result 1	/ count	Result 2	/ count
2010-07-30	0	2010-07-30	0
2010-09-30	0	/09/2010--30	2
2011-01-31	0	/03/2011--31	2

## Assumption:

User wouldn't want to transform data into a noisy and irregular state

**Features:** capture the homogeneity

- `enp_cnt_/_`: entropy of the distribution of the slash count
- `enp_cnt_-`: ... ..

... ..

## Approach:

- Build a logistic regression classifier
- Use confidence score as result's score

# Evaluation

Editing Scenarios

## **Address 1**

First row: Brankova&nbsp;13 , Brankova 13

## **Address2**

First row: 1 Lombard Street,London , London,1 Lombard Street

## **Date1**

First row: 2010-07-30 , 07/30/2010

## **Date2**

First row: 13/05/2010 , 2010-05-13

## **Tel1**

First row: Tel:</B> 020-7928 3131 , 020-7928 3131

## **Tel2**

First row: 020-8944 9496 , (020)8944 9496

## **Time**

First row:1 January 2007 4:48pm , January 1,2007 4:48pm

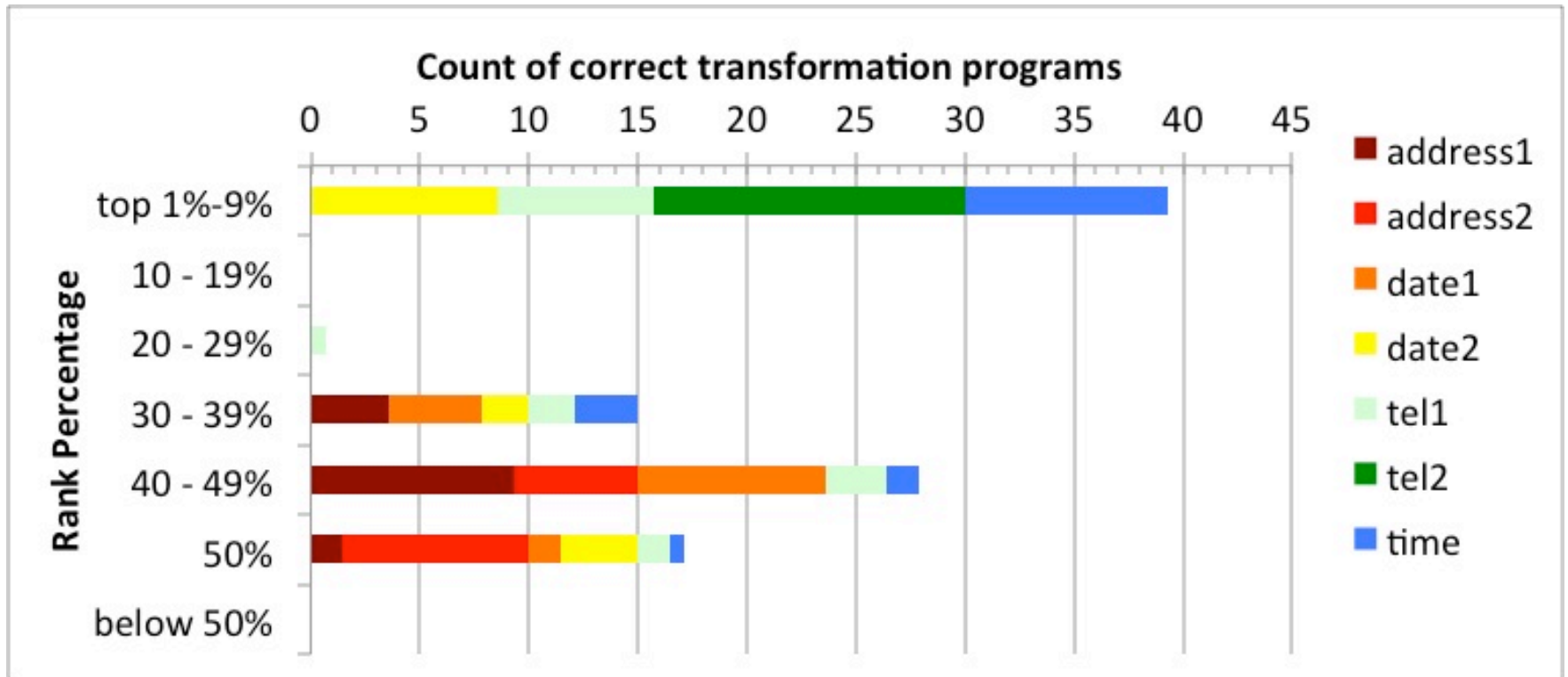


# Results

Run experiment 20 times and average the result.

Dataset	Example Count	Correct TPs
address1	1.25	33.5
address2	5.25	3.75
date1	1	2
date2	1.5	3.5
tel1	1	223
tel2	1	60.75
time	2.5	1.75

# Results



- Thank You !